**Challenge Georgia Studies Unit III:** *Revolution, Independence, and Early Statehood*: This unit covers significant events leading up to independence for the United States. Assessment includes two **on-demand essays**, a **skit**, and a **unit test**. Approximately four weeks.

This unit will conclude with a test including multiple choice, short answer, and essay questions. The study guide is below:

**Explain** the immediate and long-term causes of the American Revolution and their impact on

Georgia

* The French and Indian War (Seven Years War)
* Proclamation of 1763
* Stamp Act, Intolerable Acts, Townshend Acts, Tea Act, Boston Tea Party, Sons of Liberty/Liberty Boys, Tea Act
* The role of James Wright
* Symbols of Liberty
* The Declaration of Independence
* First and Second Continental Congress

**Explain** the Significance of:

* George Washington
* Thomas Jefferson
* James Madison
* Benjamin Franklin
* Lexington and Concord
* Bunker Hill
* French Involvement
* British/Indian/Slave “alliances”

**Analyze** the significance of people and events in Georgia on the Revolutionary War

* Loyalists
* Patriots
* Elijah Clarke
* Austin Dabney
* Nancy Hart
* Button Gwinnett
* Lyman Hall
* George Walton
* Battle of Kettle Creek
* Siege of Savannah
* Siege(s) of Augusta

**Analyze** the strengths and weaknesses of both the Georgia Constitution of 1777 and the

Articles of Confederation and explain how weaknesses in the Articles of Confederation led to a

need to revise the Articles.

**Describe** the role of Georgia at the Constitutional Convention of 1787; include the role of

Abraham Baldwin and William Few, and reasons why Georgia ratified the new constitution